## 15 Modality

**Practice Rull 5** There are many more forms of modals than we discussed in class. Can you complete the table below?

modal verb	meaning	details of m.
I can ski very well		now
She'll be able to type in three months time.	ability / skills	in the future
Pete <b>could / was able to</b> walk when he was one.		in the past
Every morning we <b>would</b> catch a bus.	regularity	in the past
He would tell his mum the train had been late.	thinking about sth.	in the future in stories
I will not lie for you.	unwillingness	flat refusal
I can see the Rigi from here.	awareness	now
She <b>could</b> smell the booze on Ian's breath.		in the past – and repeated
He can a right pain in the neck.	capability	now
Old Murphy <i>could</i> be very stubborn.		in the past – and
	111 111 1	repeated
A	likelihood:	:
A picnic would be great fun	• certainty	in particular
Those who know the book <b>should/would</b> recognise the	<ul> <li>assumption</li> </ul>	circumstances
joke.	1 11 0	
Oh, you <b>must</b> be Dr Livingstone.	• belief	
**	possibility:	now
He can try to ring again later.	• general	((C : 1 ))
This <b>could</b> well be a serious problem.	• strong	"fairly sure"
She <b>may/might</b> <i>not</i> be there either.	<ul><li>negative</li></ul>	
I <b>might</b> <i>just</i> make it tonight.	• vague	
	possibility	in the past
This <i>could have</i> been really nasty.	<ul> <li>negative</li> </ul>	actually didn't happen
The murderer <b>could/may/might have</b> come in through	<ul> <li>uncertainty</li> </ul>	why not
the bathroom window.		
		<u> </u>
They <b>can't have</b> opened the safe in that time.	impossibility	in the past
We <b>could not have</b> been happier.	strong assertion	"not more"
You will spend the rest of your days in prison.	certainty	prophesy
You will go to the ball.		promise
You can't be serious!		negative
You <b>should have</b> been there to see it.	expectation	already over
V	permission	now
You can go to the ball, Cinderella.	• general/informal	
You <b>may</b> speak now.	• formal	
She was allowed to go into all the rooms except one.	permission	in the past
	unacceptability	
You cannot get across this bridge.	<ul> <li>prohibition</li> </ul>	against rules
This book <b>must not</b> be reprinted without permission of		formal
the publisher		no nivers 1 C 1
People under 18 <i>shall not</i> be allowed to work after 11		against rule formal
p.m. You <b>are to</b> do nothing of the kind.		power of speaker

modal verb	meaning	details of m.
You <b>shouldn't</b> come late every morning.	• undesirability	general
You <b>can't</b> come late every morning.		firm
Would you please clear up afterwards.	instructions	direct
Could you please tell her I phoned?		strong/polite
Can / will you tell me as soon as he arrives?		polite (power)
Please, will you help me with these cases?	appeal	direct
Can't we have some music?	request	persuasive
Can I ask you a question?		simple/direct
<b>Could</b> you tell me the way to the station?		simple/polite
May I ask who you're waiting for?		formal/polite
Would you be so kind as to let us in?		"timid"
Will you have a drink, James?	invitation	informal
Would you like to have a drink?		polite
Can I help you with the washing-up?	offers	general
May I help you, madam?		polite/dated
Shall I carry the bags for you?		"confident"
We <b>could</b> go to London on Saturday.	suggestion	general
I think we <b>should</b> invite the neighbours.		"good idea"
We <b>must</b> do lunch one of these days.		persuasive
You may (perhaps) consider our offer again		very polite
Well, we <i>may as well</i> invite the neighbours.		what the hell
Shall we go and get them?		$I/we \ x \ and$
I will call you when I get home.	intention	general
We may be leaving soon.		formal/dated
I really <b>must</b> read this letter.		important
They won't let you get away with it.	unwillingness	now
I know it was crazy but I just <b>could</b> not consider the		in the past
idea.		
I can't possibly leave it all to her.		strong feelings
I simply can't face them after all this.		embarrassed
I just can't/(simply) won't leave my children at home.		morally wrong
They want a room with a view.	wishes	general
I <b>should like</b> to see the manager		formal/dated
She <b>wished to</b> see the end of it.		<b>pas</b> t
Long <b>may</b> this organisation thrive.	and hopes	formal
I'd rather live under a bridge.	preference	
Something <b>has to be/ must</b> be done at once.	importance	positive
This <b>must not</b> happen ever again.	•	negative
They <i>need to</i> sort this mess out soon.	necessity	general
One day you <b>will have to</b> pay for your sins.		in the future
We <b>shall have to</b> pay the price.		future formal (I/we)
Steel knives <b>should</b> be cleaned in warm water.	advice	general
Perhaps you <b>could</b> send her a card.		moral
I J	ı	

**Practice Rull 6** Here are the final paragraphs of Winston Churchill's "United States of Europe" speech at Zurich University in 1946. All the modals have been removed, but from the context you may be able to figure out which ones go where. Imagine that you "are" Churchill, convinced that what you are saying is right.

But I *must* give you a warning. Time *may* be short. At present there is a breathing-space. The cannons have ceased firing. The fighting has stopped; but the dangers have not stopped. If we are to form the United States of Europe, or whatever name it *may* take, we *must* begin now.

In these present days we dwell strangely and precariously under the shield, and I will even say protection, of the atomic bomb. The atomic bomb is still only in the hands of a state and nation which we know will never use it except in the cause of right and freedom. But it may well be that in a few years this awful agency of destruction will be widespread and the catastrophe following from its use by several warring nations will not only bring to an end all that we call civilisation, but may possibly disintegrate the globe itself.

I must now sum up the propositions which are before you. Our constant aim must be to build and fortify the strength of the United Nations Organisation. Under and within that world concept we must re-create the European Family in a regional structure called, it may be, the United States of Europe. And the first practical step would be to form a Council of Europe. If at first all the States of Europe are not willing or able to join the Union, we must nevertheless proceed to assemble and combine those who will and those who can. The salvation of the common people of every race and of every land from war or servitude must be established on solid foundations and must be guarded by the readiness of all men and women to die rather than submit to tyranny. In all this urgent work, France and Germany must take the lead together. Great Britain, the British Commonwealth of Nations, mighty America and I trust Soviet Russia - for then indeed all would be well - must be the friends and sponsors of the new Europe and must champion its right to live and shine.

When you are done, compare your solution with the original speech (http://www.coe.int/T/E/Com/About\_Coe/DiscoursChurchill.asp)